

Name _____ Period: _____

8.6 Honors Notes – Constructions

You will need the following tools

-Compass

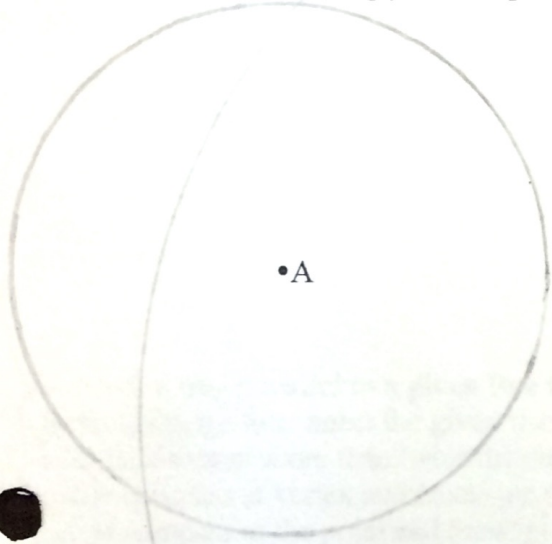
-Straightedge (no markings)

-Pencil

Drawing Circles, become familiar with the compass

-Anchor the compass at the center of your circle. Spin the compass to drag the pencil around until it connects to the starting point

Practice: Draw circles using your compass with centers at the given points. Make your circles different sizes.



•B

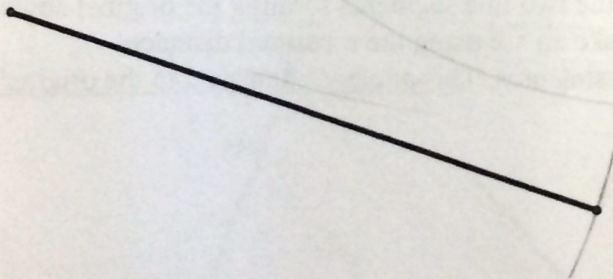


Copying a line segment WITHOUT measuring using a ruler

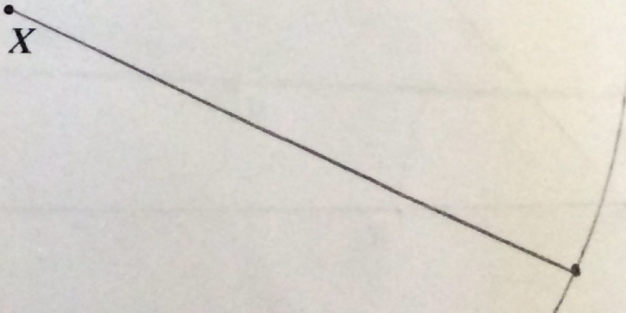
-Anchor your compass at one end of the line segment. Stretch your compass until the pencil reaches the other end.
HOLD THIS DISTANCE

-Place the anchor of the compass at the point you will be using as an endpoint. Make an arc with the pencil. Use the straightedge to connect your point with a point on the arc. This line segment is the exact same length as the original

Practice: Copy each line segment at the point given below.



X



Y



Duplicating a line segment length (n times long as original)

- Anchor your compass at one end of the line segment. Stretch your compass until the pencil reaches the other end.
- Spin and drag your compass until you have made an arc in the direction you desire.
- Use straightedge to connect endpoint to a point on your arc. Mark the point. Use the new point as the anchor for the next arc. Draw line segment connecting existing segment to the new one.
- Repeat as many times as needed to get a segment with length equal to the needed multiple of the original.

Example: Create a new line segment with length $4x$ that of given line

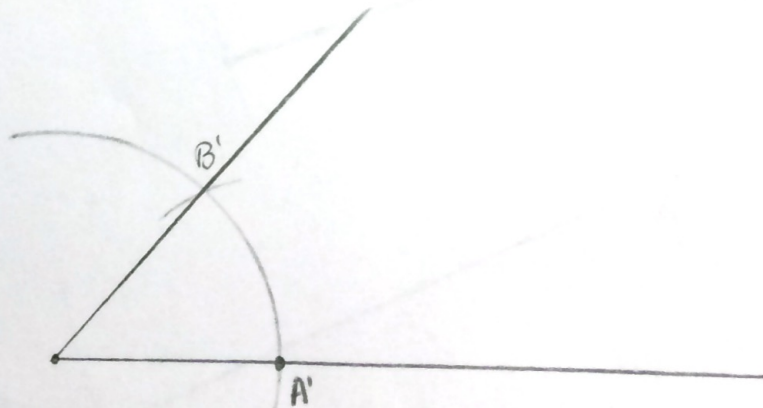
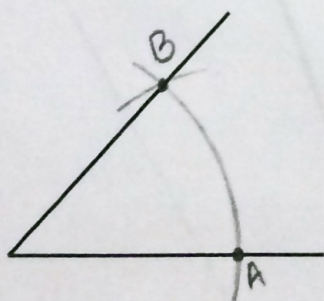


Practice: Create a new line segment with length $3x$ that of the given line



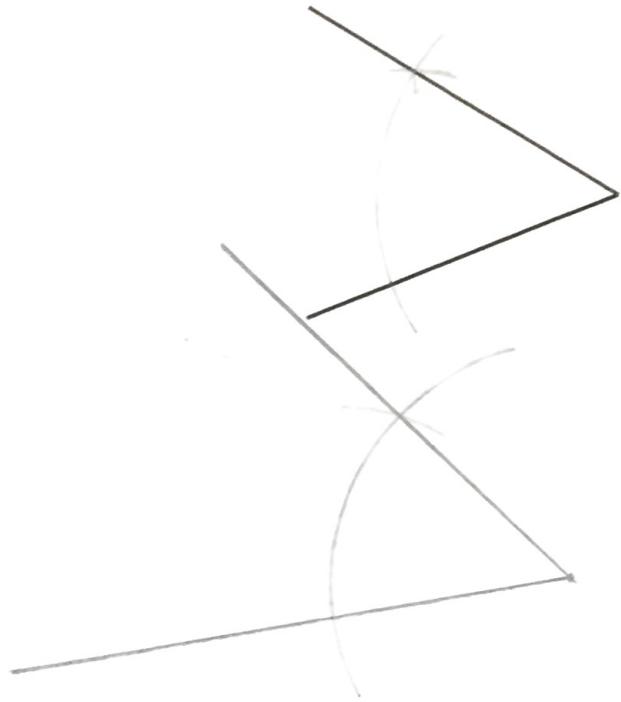
Copying an angle.

- Draw a new line segment where you plan to make your new angle.
- Anchor the compass at the vertex of the angle. Create an arc that crosses over both lines of the angle.
- Using this distance, anchor your compass at one end of your line segment and create the same arc
- Use compass to measure the distance between the arc crossing the two line segments forming the original angle
- Anchor your compass at the arc crossing your line segment. Make an arc using the measured distance.
- Use straightedge to connect the end of your segment to the crossing arcs. This angle is congruent to the original



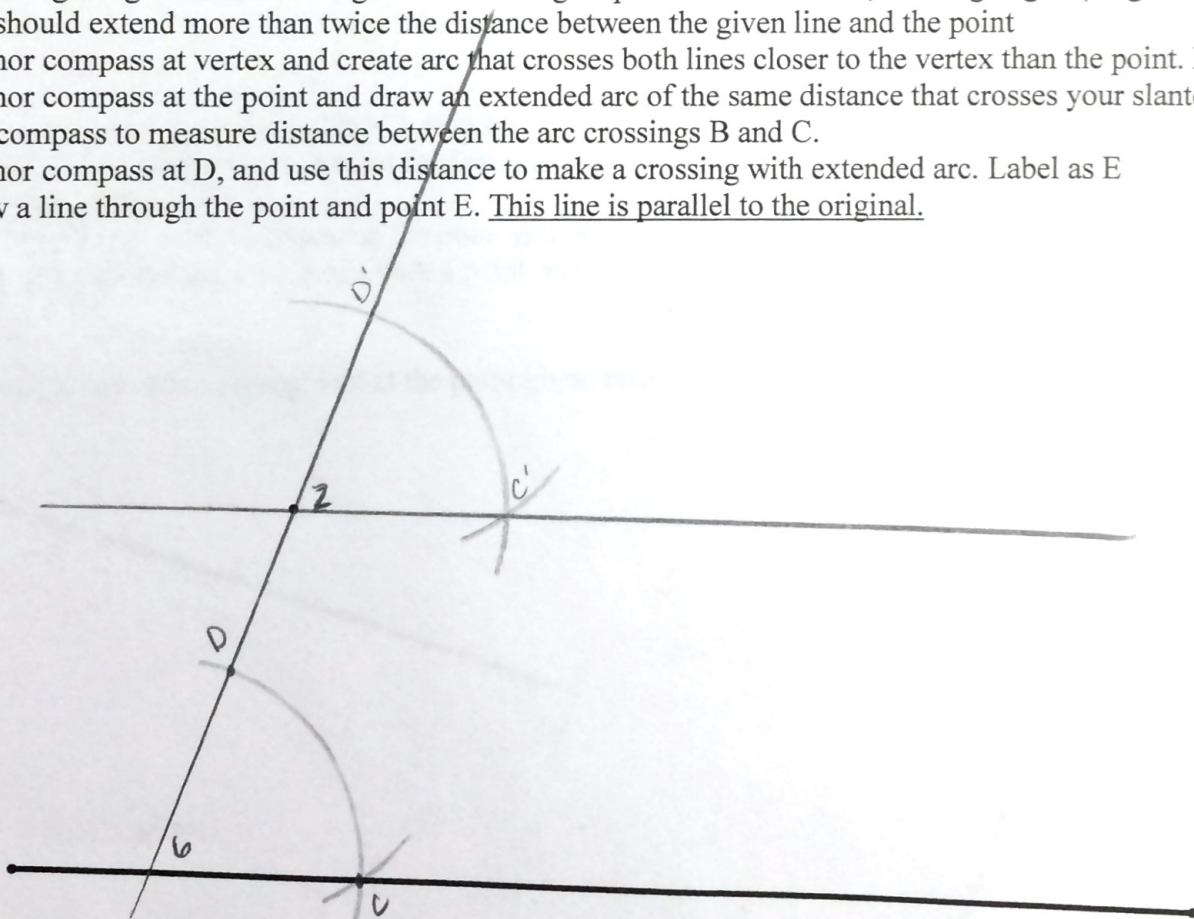
Practice:

Construct an angle congruent to the given angles



Construct a line parallel to a given line through a point not on the line

- Use straightedge to connect the given line through a point not on the line, forming angle. (Angle should not be 90°)
Line should extend more than twice the distance between the given line and the point
- Anchor compass at vertex and create arc that crosses both lines closer to the vertex. Label B and C
- Anchor compass at the point and draw an extended arc of the same distance that crosses your slanted line at D
- Use compass to measure distance between the arc crossings B and C.
- Anchor compass at D, and use this distance to make a crossing with extended arc. Label as E
- Draw a line through the point and point E. This line is parallel to the original.



Practice: Draw a line parallel to the given one through point

