

Vocabulary

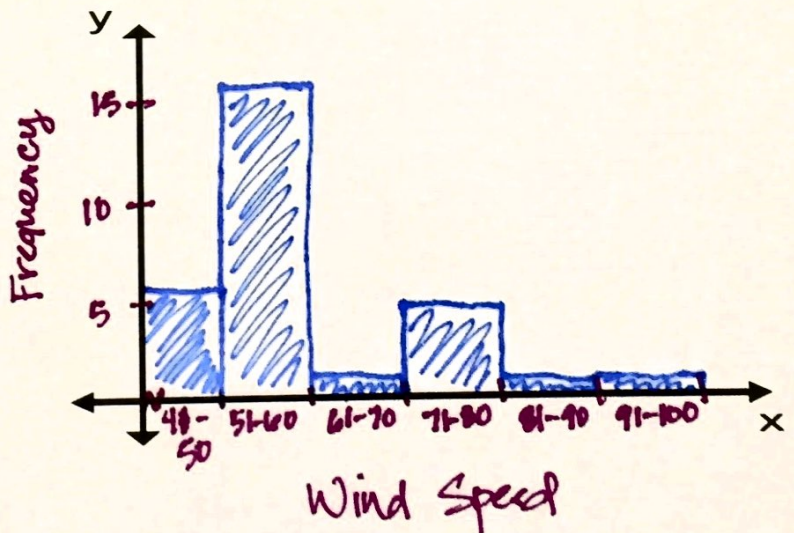
- **Frequency Chart:**  
use intervals to group data, use tallies to count data.
- **Interval:**  
Range of #'s, equally spaced  
Interval of 10, 1-10, 11-20, 21-30  
0-9, 10-19, 20-29
- **Histogram:**  
graph of data that looks like a bar graph  
Always uses #'s, intervals along x-axis, Frequency on y-axis  
Bars always touch

Organizing Data

**Ex. 1:** The following data shows the highest wind speeds in 30 US cities. Create a **frequency chart** and **histogram** of the test scores. Use intervals of 10.

Highest wind Speeds (mph)	
<del>52</del> , <del>75</del> , 60, 80, 55, 54, 91, 60, 81, 58	
53, 73, 46, 76, 53, 46, 73, 46, 51, 49	
57, 58, 56, 47, 65, 49, 56, 51, 54, 51	

Frequency Chart		
Speed	Tally	Frequency
41-50	1	6
51-60	1	16
61-70		1
71-80		5
81-90		1
91-100		1



Review Vocabulary

- Mean: "average"  $\bar{x}$  Add all data points & divide by how many data points there are.
- Median: "Middle" put in order & find middle #  
1, 4, 7, 10, 11, 13
- Mode: "Most" the # that occurs most often
- Range: Maximum - Minimum = Range

**Ex. 2:** Find the mean, median, mode, and range for the data set.

16, 20, 30, 15, 23, 11, 15, 21, 30, 29  
11, 15, 15, 16, 20, 21, 23, 29, 30, 30  
 x x x x

Mean: 21

Median: 20.5

Mode: 15 & 30

Range: 19

**Ex. 3:** Find the mean, median, mode, and range for the data set.

9, 12, 10, 3, 2, 3, 9, 11, 5, 25, 1, 10, 4, 2

Mean:

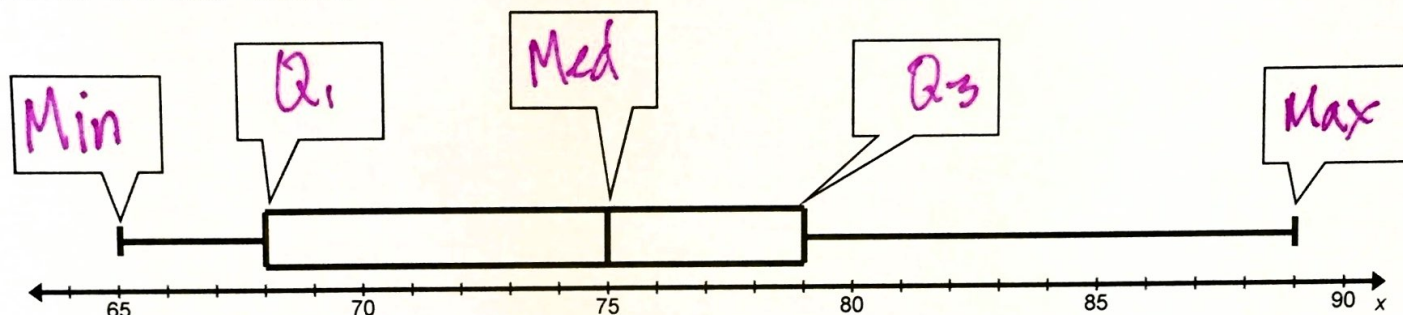
Median:

Mode:

Range:

Box-&-Whisker Plots

Uses five important numbers from a set of data to show the general trends of the data.

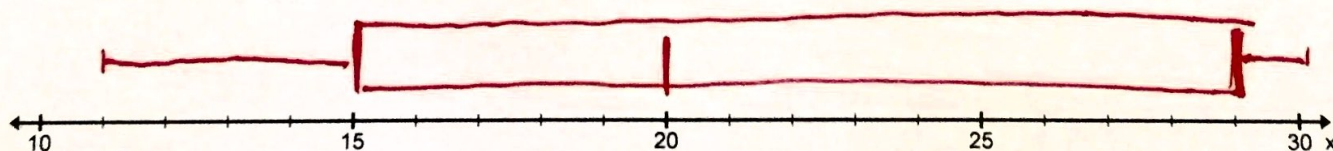


- Median: Middle #
- 1<sup>st</sup> Quartile (Lower Quartile): Find the median of the 1<sup>st</sup> half of the data  
\* Don't ever use the Median
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Quartile (Upper Quartile): Find the median of the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the data  
\* Don't ever use the Median
- Maximum: Biggest #
- Minimum: Smallest #

Ex. 4: Drawing a Box-and-Whisker Plot

A. Draw a box-and-whisker plot for the given data set.

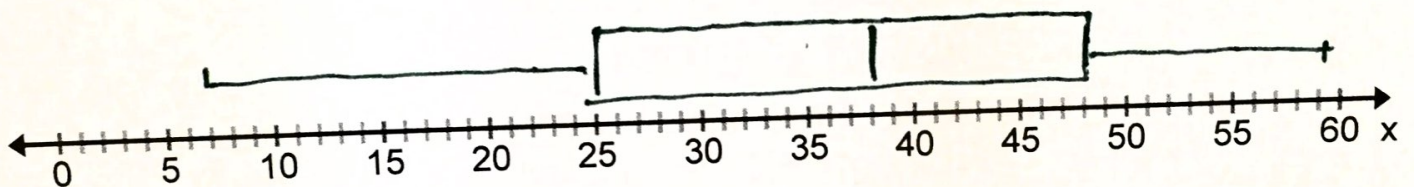
16, 20, 30, 15, 23, 11, 15, 21, 30, 29, 12  
 11, 12, 15, 15, 16, 20, 21, 23, 29, 30, 30  
 Q1                      Med.                      Q3



- **Interquartile Range (IQR):** length of the box  
 $Q_3 - Q_1$

**Ex. 5:** The following is a list of BYU's points scored in each of its games for the 2009 football season. Construct a box and whisker plot from the data.

$\underline{7}$     $\underline{14}$     $\underline{24}$  |  $\underline{26}$     $\underline{28}$     $\underline{35}$     $\boxed{38}$     $\underline{38}$     $\underline{42}$     $\underline{44}$     $\underline{52}$     $\underline{54}$     $\underline{59}$   
 14, 54, 28, 42, 35, 59, 38, 7, 52, 24, 38, 26, 44



Minimum: 7

1<sup>st</sup> Quartile ( $Q_1$ ): 25

Median: 38

3<sup>rd</sup> Quartile ( $Q_3$ ): 48

Maximum: 59

IQR: 23