$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## HW 5-4 HONORS: Parallel \& Perpendicular Lines

Determine whether the graphs of each pair of equations are parallel, perpendicular, or neither. Explain.

1. $y=2 x+4$
2. $y=5 x-8$
3. $y=7 x+3$
4. $y=4 x+3$
$y=\frac{1}{7} x-6$
$4 x+y=3$
5. 

$y=-2 x$
$2 x+y=3$
6.
$5 x-3 y=-6$
$3 x+5 y=10$
7.
$-3 x+4 y=8$
$-4 x+3 y=-6$
8.
$2 x+5 y=15$
$3 x+5 y=15$

Write an equation in slope-intercept form for each line described.
9. Passes through (-7, -4), perpendicular to $y=\frac{1}{2} x+9$
10. Passes through $\mathrm{K}(3,7)$, parallel to $\overleftrightarrow{\boldsymbol{L M}}$ with $\mathrm{L}(-1,-2)$ and $\mathrm{M}(-4,8)$.
11. Passes through $(6,2)$, parallel to $y=-\frac{2}{3} x+1$
12. Passes through $(-2,2)$, perpendicular to

$$
y=5 x 8
$$

## Write an equation in slope-intercept form for each line described.

13. Passes through $(4,2)$ that is parallel to the line $y=3 x+23$
14. Write an equation of the line that is parallel to the graph of $y=7 x-3$ and passes through the origin.
15. Contains the point $(21,12)$ that is parallel to the line containing the points $(30,8)$ and $(-15,-7)$.
16. a) On the graph to the right, draw a line perpendicular to the line shown. Be sure to label which points you used.
b) On the graph to the right, draw a line parallel to the line shown. Be sure to label which points you used.


## Graph the line that satisfies each condition.

17. Passes through $\mathrm{A}(2,-5)$, parallel to $\overleftrightarrow{B C}$ with $B(1,3)$ and $C(4,5)$

18. Passes through $X(1,-4)$, parallel to $\overrightarrow{Y Z}$ with $\mathrm{Y}(5,2)$ and $\mathrm{Z}(-3,-5)$


19. Passes through $\mathrm{D}(-5,-6)$, perpendicular to $\overleftrightarrow{F G}$ with $\mathrm{F}(-2,-9)$ and $\mathrm{G}(1,-5)$

